



SIEMENS

RTDS European UGM 2016 in Glasgow, Scotland September 15<sup>th</sup> – 16<sup>th</sup>, 2016

# Use of RTDS at Siemens AG HVDC/FACTS

M. Sezer / S. Endruschat

# Agenda

## **Presentation will be split into two parts**

- **VSC based SVC application**
  - **presented by Murat Sezer**
  
- **VSC based HVDC application**
  - **presented by Sibylle Endruschat**

# Agenda

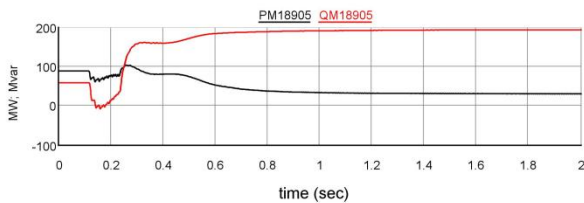
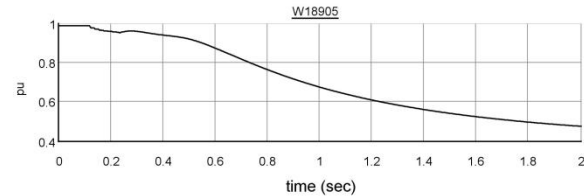
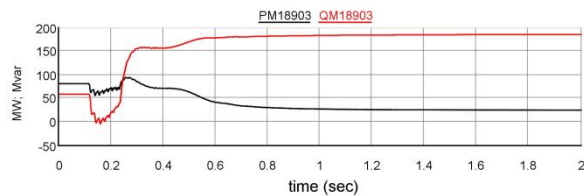
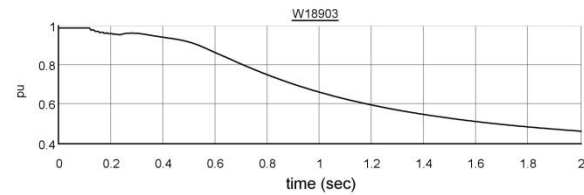
- **Why VSC based SVCs in Middle East, SLD of some projects**
- **RTDS Overview Simulator, RTDS Software**
- **Dynamic Behavior of SVC Hybrid**
- **Simplified Converter representation**
- **Benchmark cases**

## Dynamic Model of Networks in Saudi Arabia

### Middle East Network

- Summer Load / Peak Load is consisting Air conditions
- Air conditions are causing Motor Stalling Phenomena
- The Loads are simulated with Induction Machines in RTDS
- Every Mvar is needed during and after the fault case
- VSCs are favorable

## Induction Motor stalls after Fault Case



- Long 1-phase-to-earth, 2-phase-to-earth and 3-phase-to-earth faults causes Motor Stalling
- Up to 3 times more inductive reactive power is absorbed from the network

## Dynamic Difference Between Classic SVC and SVC PLUS

### SVC Classic

$$Q_{svc} = \sqrt{3} \times V_{ll} \times I_{svc}$$

$$Q_{svc} = 3 \times V_{le} \times I_{svc}$$

$$Q_{svc} = 3 \times V_{le} \times \left( \frac{V_{le}}{Z_{svc}} \right)$$

$$Q_{svc} = V_{ll}^2 / Z_{svc}$$

### SVC PLUS

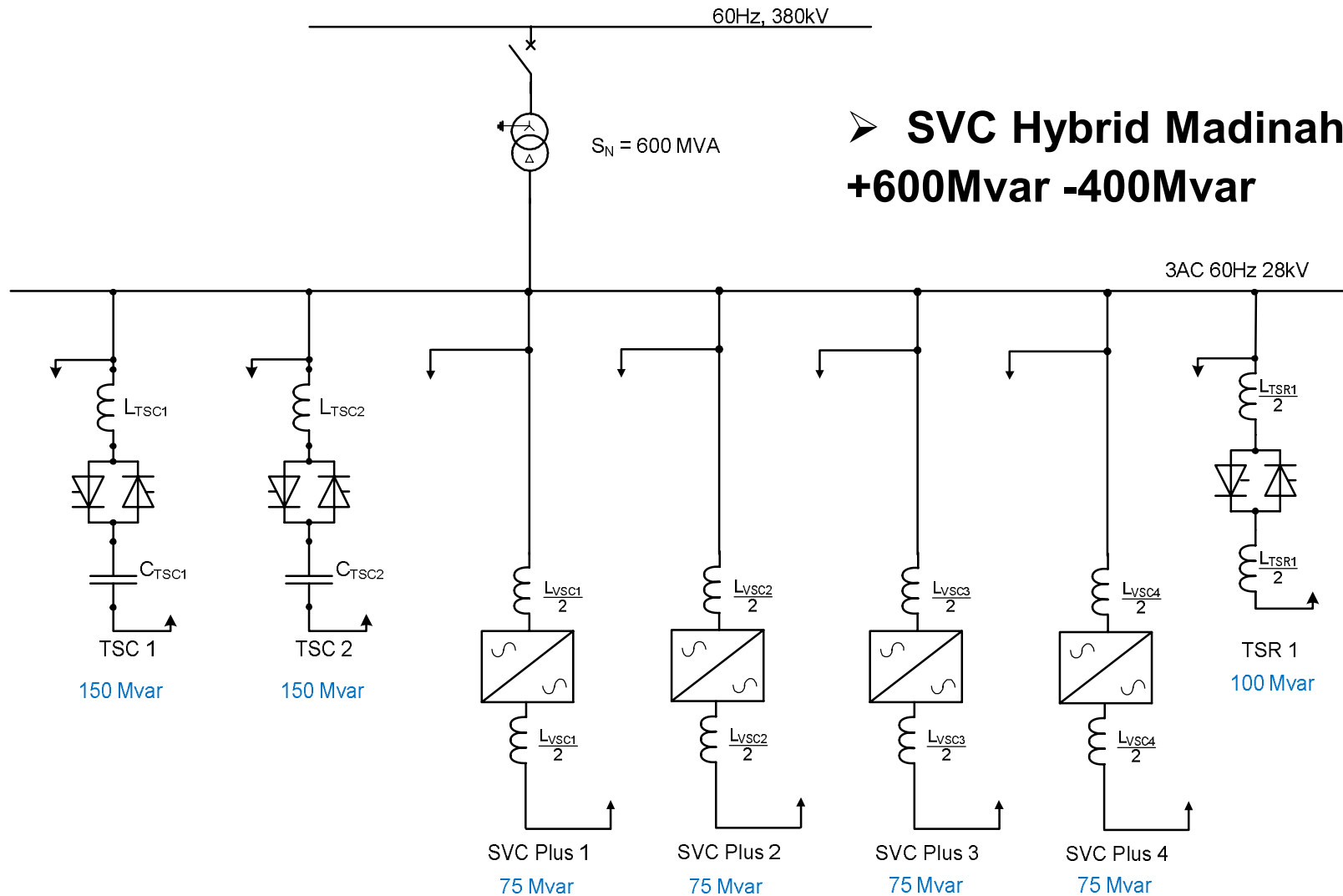
$$Q_{vsc} = \sqrt{3} \times V_{ll} \times I_{vsc}$$

### Summary

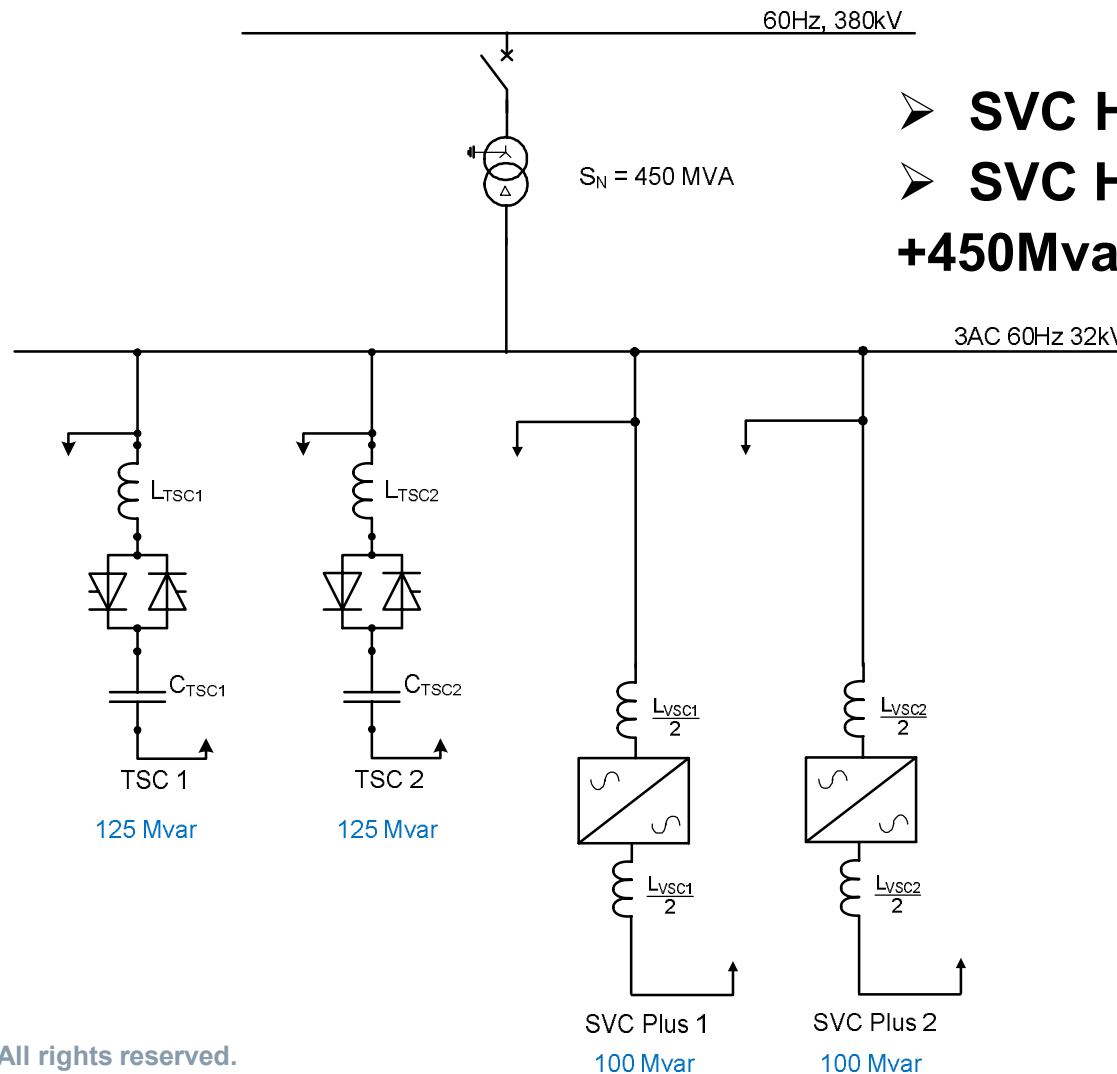
*If the voltage drops to 50% max. 25% of nom.  $Q_{svc}$  is generated by classic SVC*

*If the voltage drops to 50% max. 50% nom.  $Q_{vsc}$  is generated by SVC PLUS*

# Single Line Diagram Madinah East



# Single Line Diagram Hail & Al-Jouf



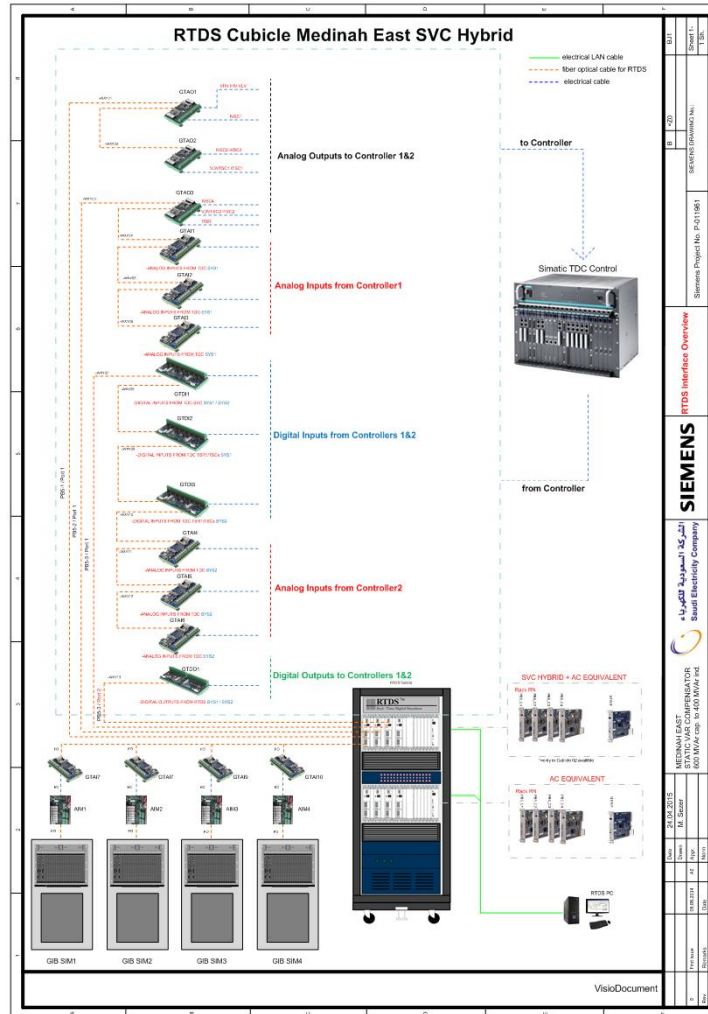
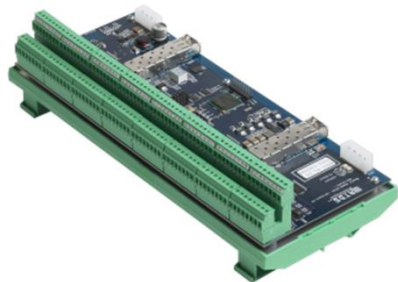


# RTDS Simulator Overview Madinah East

**3xGTAOs**



**3xGTDIs**



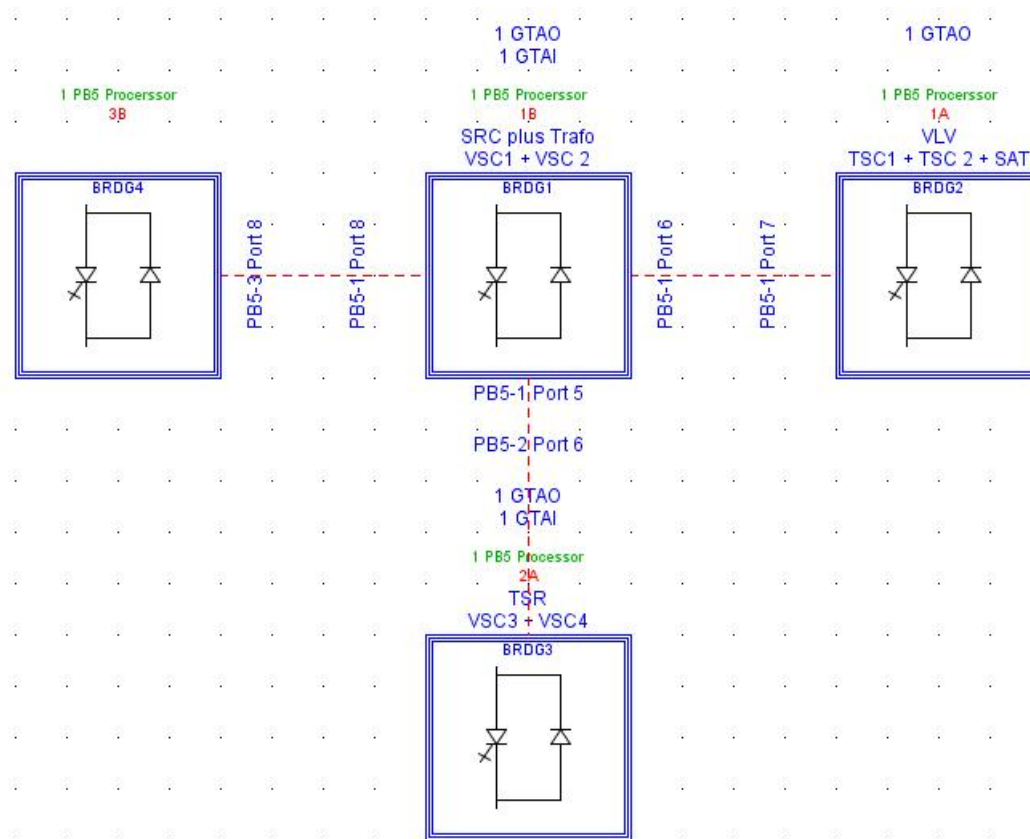
**10xGTAls**



**1xGTDO**

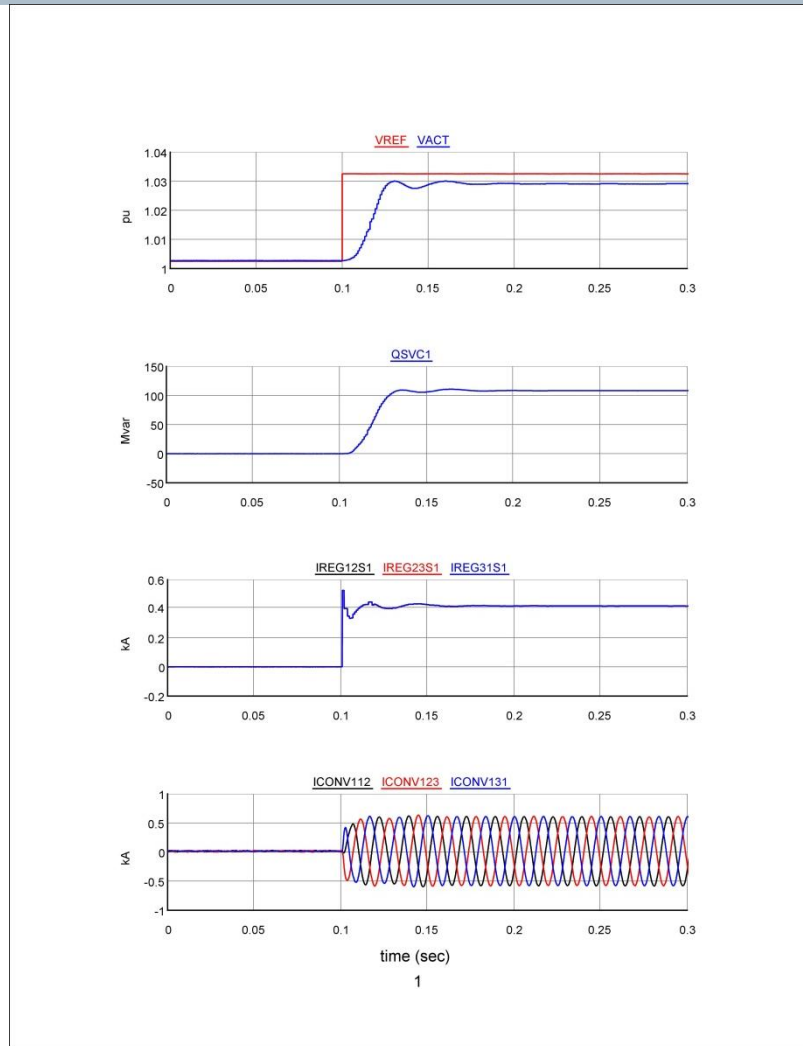


# RTDS Draft File of SVC Hybrid Madinah East



- The whole network is simulated in small time step. The aim is to reduce the risk of high frequency resonances inside network.
- Blue Boxes are connected with virtual short t-lines.
- In dynamic tests BRDG4 is replaced with AC-Equivalent. Interface transformer model must be used to combine AC-Network to SVC Hybrid.

## SVC Behaviour in FPT - Step Response of the VSC



➤ Response Time

$t_r = 23\text{ms}$

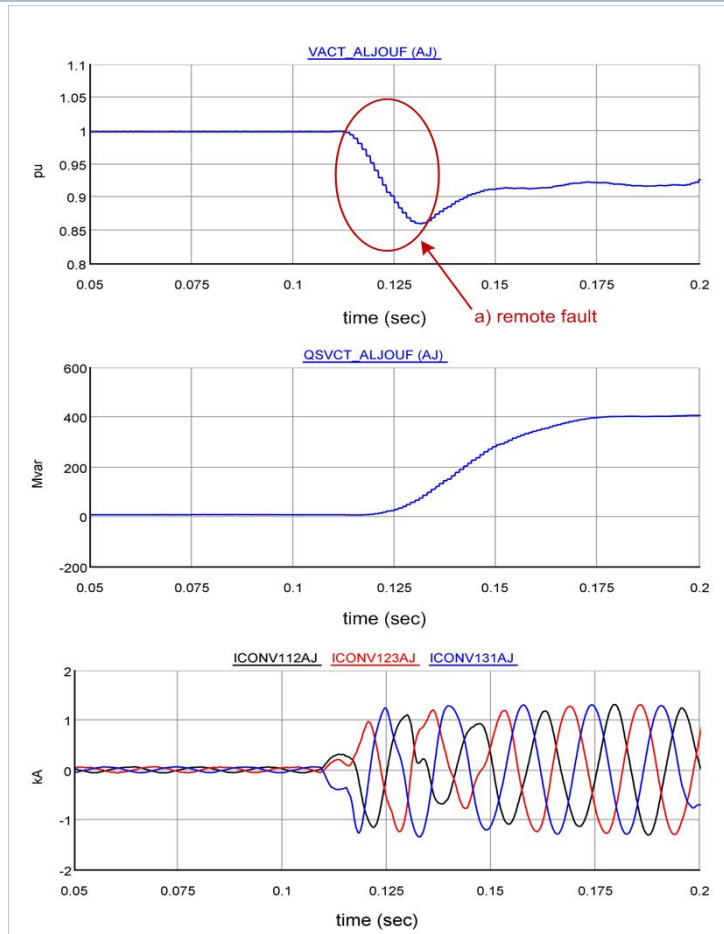
➤ Settling Time

$t_s = 45\text{ms}$

➤ Overshoot

3.8%

## SVC Behaviour in DPT - Remote Fault Case



- NPS controller is active
- Fully capacitive reactive power injection during the fault case

## Applications using RTDS at HVDC VSC technology (Siemens: HVDC PLUS)

- **Replica with RTDS**
- **RTDS processor card usage**
- **What is Black Start?**
- **How Black Start is tested using RTDS?**
- **Onsite Test result**

## Replica

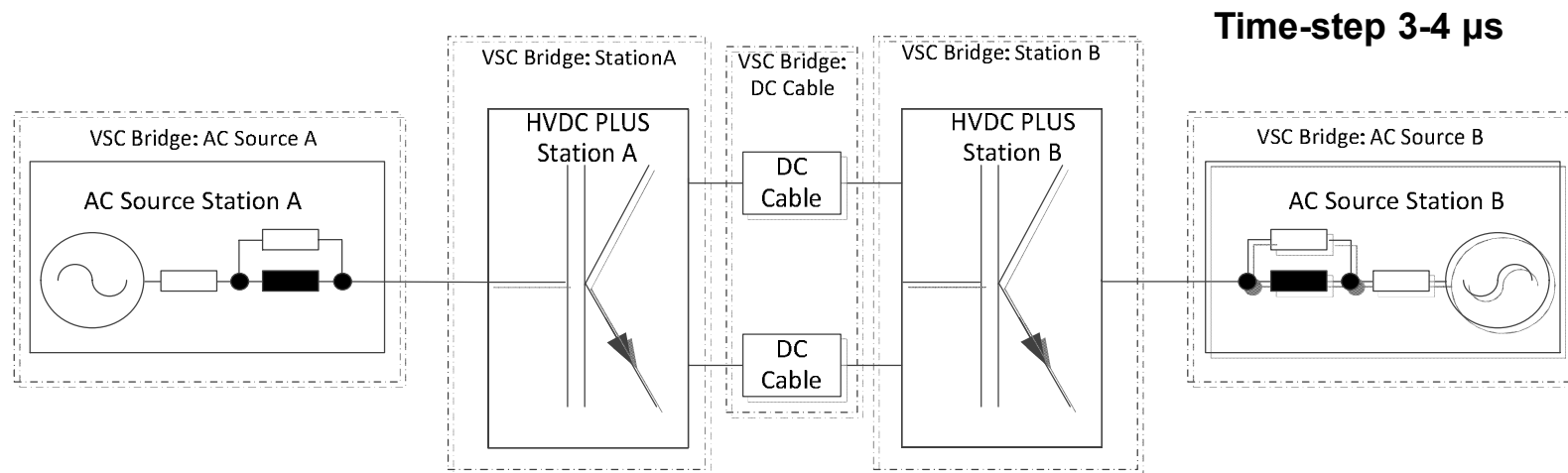
**A Replica is a copy of the main project without redundancy  
RTDS is used to simulate the onsite components**

- Models used during FAT delivered
  - Running on two racks

- Customer uses Replica mainly to
  - Investigate changes in their network
  - Train new operators



## RTDS Simulator – Hardware configuration



- Converter Transformers with Tap Changer and Saturation
- DC Cable and DC-Cable Surge Arrestors
- Converter Phase Modules (Virtual)
- Star Point Reactors, Pre-insertion Resistors, Converter Reactors

## RTDS Simulator – Hardware configuration

### HVDC PLUS Technology requires small time step application

- Model is calculated within 3-4  $\mu$ s
- Interfacing between PB5 processor cards is done with fiber optics
- Fiber optics going to the bottom are used for IO cards

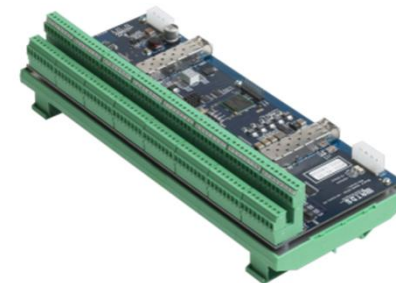




## RTDS Simulator – Hardware configuration

### Interface to the Control and Protection Cubicle is done via

- GTA0 (analogue output)
  - AC voltages and currents
  - DC voltages and currents
- GTDI (digital input)
  - Switching states
  - Tap changer position
- GTFPGA
  - Converter currents and voltages



## New functionality tested using RTDS

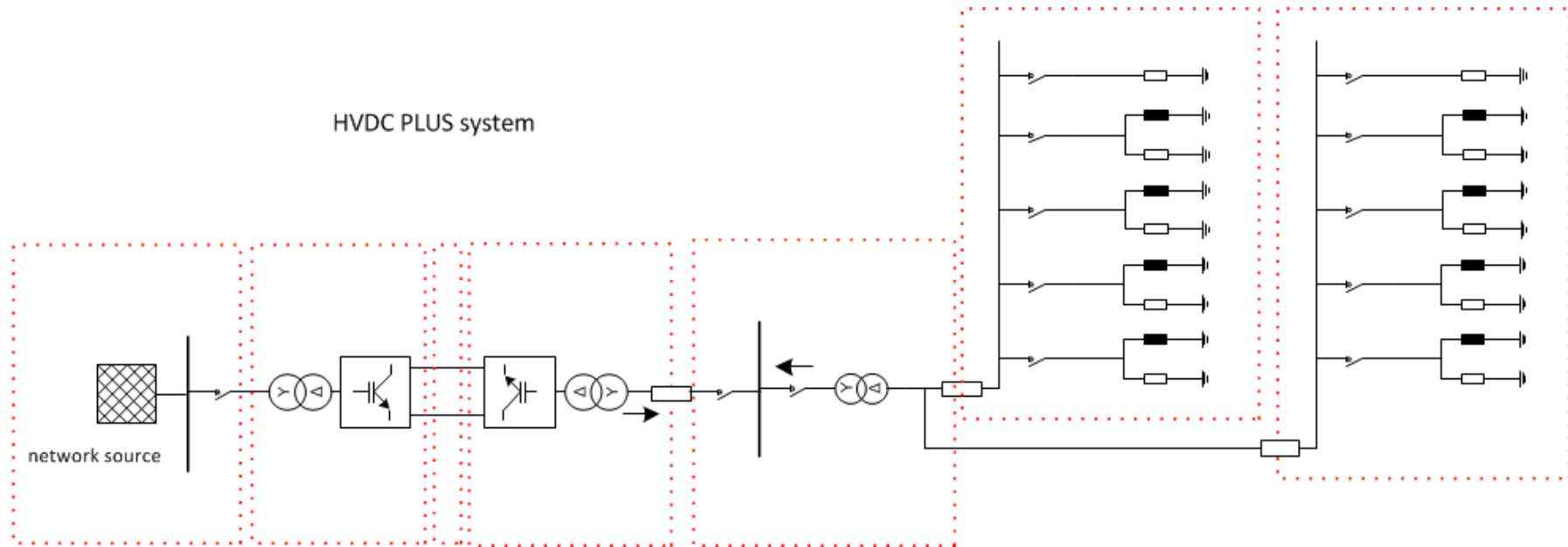
- **New functionality within HVDC PLUS technology**
- **Developed at Siemens laboratories using RTDS**
  
- **What is Black Start**
  - Short explanation
  
- **How is it tested**
  - Test model presented

## What is Black Start?

- **The complete network is blacked out**
- **The HVDC Plus converter is able to energize the converter (on the blacked out side) from the DC side**
- **Final step is to synchronize back to the grid**
  
- **Recently a project in the US was upgraded to this functionality**
- **The tests were done at Siemens laboratories**
- **During commissioning repeated onsite**

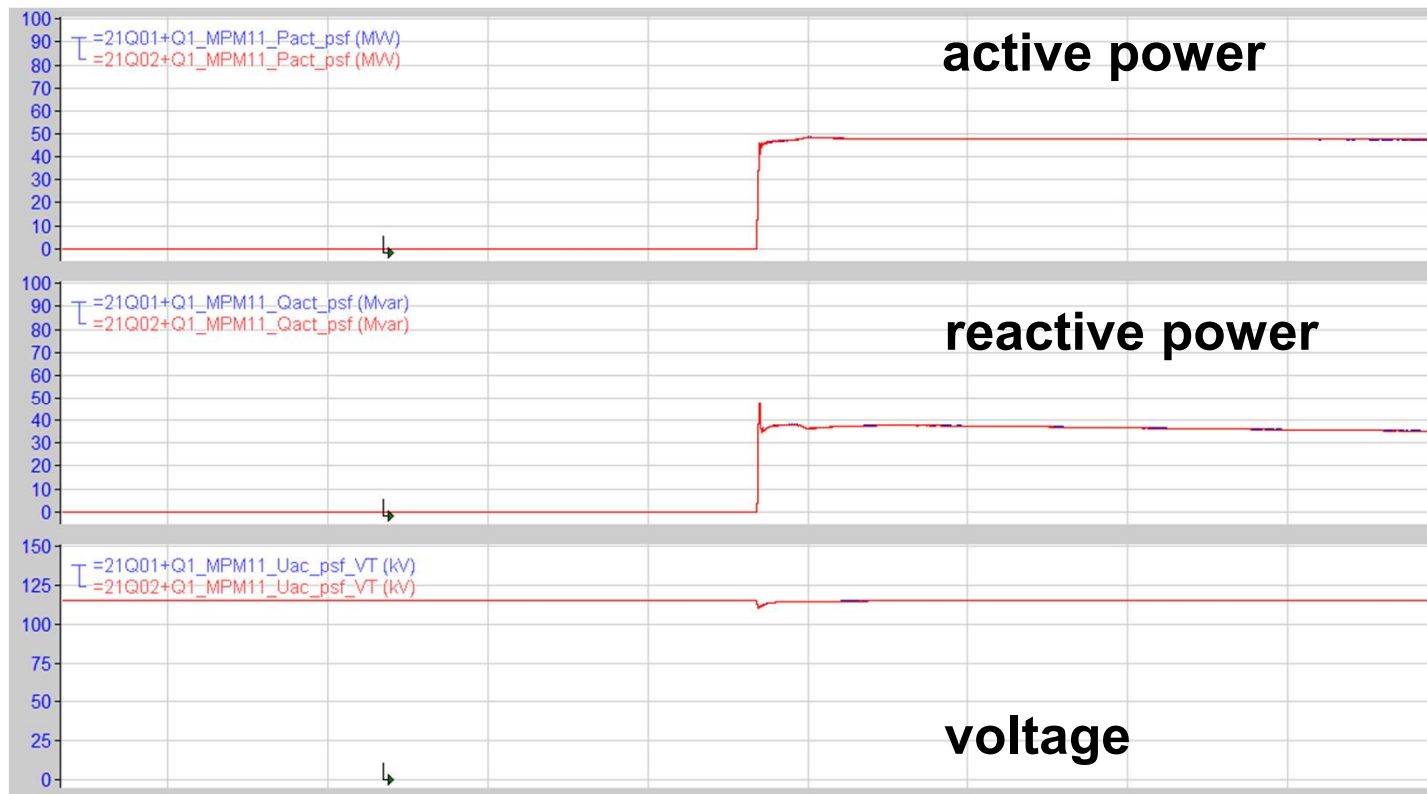
# Black Start Testing

## Test scenario

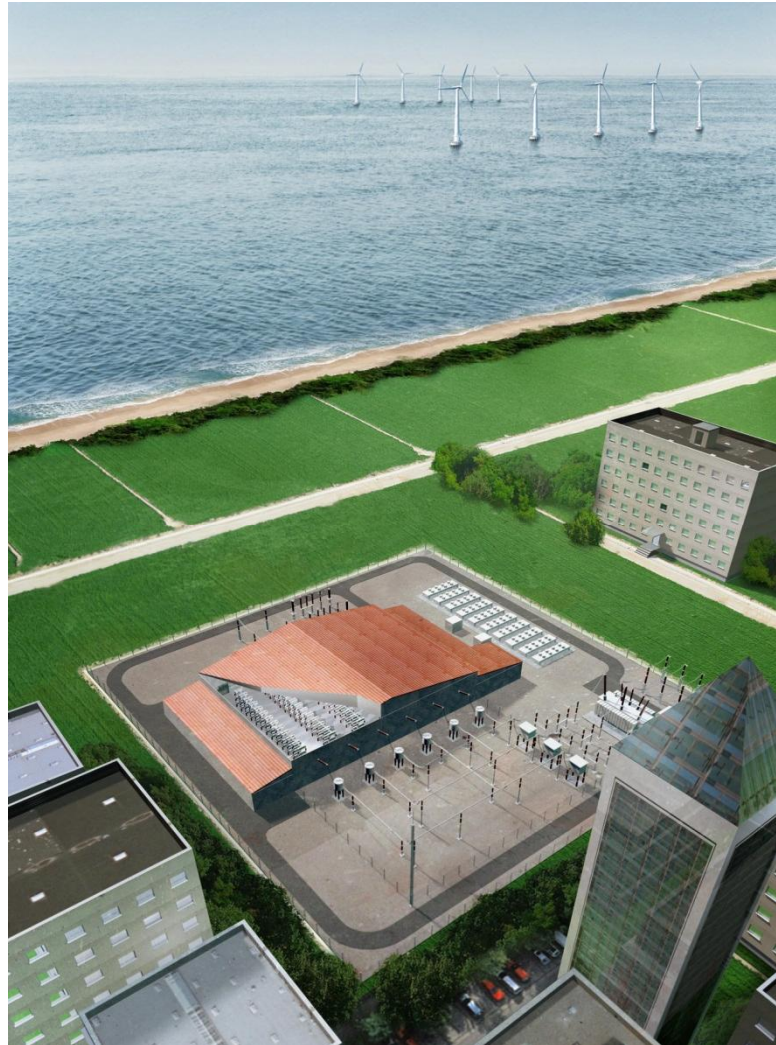


# Test Results from Black Start Testing

## Onsite Test



**Thank You for Your Attention**



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**Questions?**